SNF's routine service cost limit. Under §413.30, the routine service cost limit is the limit determined without regard to exemptions, exceptions, or retroactive adjustments, and is the actual limit in effect when the provider elects to be paid a prospectively determined payment rate.

### § 413.316 Determining payment amounts: Ancillary services.

Ancillary services are paid on the basis of reasonable cost in accordance with section 1861(v)(1) of the Act and \$413.53.

# § 413.320 Publication of prospectively determined payment rates or amounts.

At least 90 days before the beginning of a Federal fiscal year to which revised prospectively determined payment rates are to be applied, HCFA publishes a notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

- (a) Establishing the prospectively determined payment rates for routine services; and
- (b) Explaining the basis on which the prospectively determined payment rates are calculated.

### § 413.321 Simplified cost report for SNFs.

SNFs electing to be paid under the prospectively determined payment rate system may file a simplified cost report. The cost report contains a simplified method of cost finding to be used in lieu of cost methods described in §413.24(d). This method is specified in the instructions for Form HCFA-2540S, contained in sections 3000-3027.3 of Part 2 of the Provider Reimbursement Manual. This form may not be used by hospital-based SNFs or SNFs that are part of a health care complex. Those SNFs must file a cost report that reflects the shared services and administrative costs of the hospital and any other related facilities in the health care complex.

# Subpart J—Prospective Payment for Skilled Nursing Facilities

Source: 63 FR 26309, May 12, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

#### §413.330 Basis and scope.

- (a) Basis. This subpart implements section 1888(e) of the Act, which provides for the implementation of a prospective payment system for SNFs for cost reporting periods beginning on or after July 1, 1998.
- (b) *Scope.* This subpart sets forth the framework for the prospective payment system for SNFs, including the methodology used for the development of payment rates and associated adjustments, the application of a transition phase, and related rules.

#### §413.333 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

Case-mix index means a scale that measures the relative difference in resource intensity among different groups in the resident classification system.

Market basket index means an index that reflects changes over time in the prices of an appropriate mix of goods and services included in covered skilled nursing services.

Resident classification system means a system for classifying SNF residents into mutually exclusive groups based on clinical, functional, and resource-based criteria. For purposes of this subpart, this term refers to the current version of the Resource Utilization Groups, as set forth in the annual publication of Federal prospective payment rates described in \$413.345.

Rural area means any area outside of an urban area.

Urban area means a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or New England County Metropolitan Area (NECMA), as defined by the Office of Management and Budget, or a New England county deemed to be an urban area, as listed in §412.62(f)(1)(ii)(B) of this chapter.

 $[63\ FR\ 26309,\ May\ 12,\ 1998;\ 63\ FR\ 53307,\ Oct.\ 5,\ 1998]$ 

#### §413.335 Basis of payment.

(a) Method of payment. Under the prospective payment system, SNFs receive a per diem payment of a predetermined rate for inpatient services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries. The per diem payments are made on the basis of the Federal payment rate described in §413.337 and, during a transition period,

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on the basis of a blend of the Federal rate and the facility-specific rate described in §413.340. These per diem payment rates are determined according to the methodology described in §413.337 and §413.340.

(b) Payment in full. The payment rates represent payment in full (subject to applicable coinsurance as described in subpart G of part 409 of this chapter) for all costs (routine, ancillary, and capital-related) associated with furnishing inpatient SNF services to Medicare beneficiaries other than costs associated with operating approved educational activities as described in §413.85.

## §413.337 Methodology for calculating the prospective payment rates.

- (a) Data used. (1) To calculate the prospective payment rates, HCFA
- (i) Medicare data on allowable costs from freestanding and hospital-based SNFs for cost reporting periods beginning in fiscal year 1995. SNFs that received "new provider" exemptions under §413.30(e)(2) are excluded from the data base used to compute the Federal payment rates. In addition, allowable costs related to exceptions payments under §413.30(f) are excluded from the data base used to compute the Federal payment rates;
- (ii) An appropriate wage index to adjust for area wage differences;
- (iii) The most recent projections of increases in the costs from the SNF market basket index;
- (iv) Resident assessment and other data that account for the relative resource utilization of different resident types; and
- (v) Medicare Part B SNF claims data reflecting amounts payable under Part B for covered SNF services (other than those services described in §411.15(p)(2) of this chapter) furnished during SNF cost reporting periods beginning in fiscal year 1995 to individuals who were residents of SNFs and receiving Part A covered services.
- (b) Methodology for calculating the per diem Federal payment rates—(1) Determining SNF costs. In calculating the initial unadjusted Federal rates applicable for services provided during the period beginning July 1, 1998 through

September 30, 1999, HCFA determines each SNF's costs by summing its allowable costs for the cost reporting period beginning in fiscal year 1995 and its estimate of Part B payments (described in paragraphs (a)(1)(i) and (a)(1)(v) of this section).

(2) Use of market basket index. The SNF market basket index is used to adjust the SNF cost data to reflect cost increases occurring between cost reporting periods represented in the data and the initial period (beginning July 1, 1998 and ending September 30, 1999) to which the payment rates apply. For each year, the cost data are updated by a factor equivalent to the annual market basket index percentage minus 1 percentage point.

(3) Calculation of the per diem cost. For each SNF, the per diem cost is computed by dividing the cost data for each SNF by the corresponding number of Medicare days.

- (4) Standardization of data for variation in area wage levels and case-mix. The cost data described in paragraph (b)(2) of this section are standardized to remove the effects of geographic variation in wage levels and facility variation in case-mix. The cost data are standardized for geographic variation in wage levels using the wage index. The cost data are standardized for facility variation in case-mix using the case-mix indices and other data that indicate facility case-mix.
- (5) Calculation of unadjusted Federal payment rates. HCFA calculates the national per diem unadjusted payment rates by urban and rural classification in the following manner:
- (i) By computing the average per diem standardized cost of freestanding SNFs weighted by Medicare days.
- (ii) By computing the average per diem standardized cost of freestanding and hospital-based SNFs combined weighted by Medicare days.
- (iii) By computing the average of the amounts determined under paragraphs (b)(5)(i) and (b)(5)(ii) of this section.
- (c) Calculation of adjusted Federal payment rates for case-mix and area wage levels. The Federal rate is adjusted to account for facility case-mix using a resident classification system and associated case-mix indices that account for the relative resource utilization of